



UNIVERSITY OF COPENHAGEN



Is Adversarial Training with Condensed Dataset Effective?

MIA Talk 28/02
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Slide 1/12



Dataset Condensation

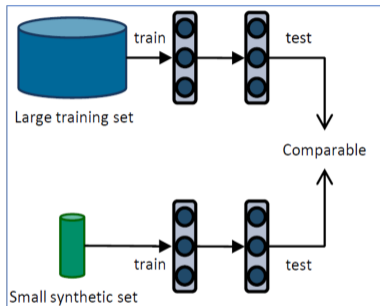


Figure: Dataset Condensation



Notations

- Distribution \mathcal{D} , sampling $\mathcal{S}_n \stackrel{i.i.d}{\sim} \mathcal{D}^n$;
- Hypothesis space \mathcal{H} , loss function l ;
- Generalization loss:

$$L(f) = \mathbb{E}_{(X,Y) \sim \mathcal{D}}[l(f(X), Y)], \quad f^* = \arg \min_{f \in \mathcal{H}} L(f);$$

- Empirical loss:

$$\hat{L}(f, \mathcal{S}_n) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n l(f(x_i), y_i), \quad f_{\mathcal{S}_n}^* = \arg \min_{f \in \mathcal{H}} \hat{L}(f, \mathcal{S}_n).$$



Formal Statement

- Basic results:

$$L(f_{\mathcal{S}_n}^*) \xrightarrow[\geq]{\mathbb{P}} L(f^*);$$

- Dataset condensation:

$$\mathcal{T}_n = \arg \min_{\mathcal{S}_n} L(f_{\mathcal{S}_n}^*), \quad L(f_{\mathcal{T}_n}^*) \xrightarrow[\geq]{\mathbb{P}} L(f^*).$$

$$\boxed{\mathcal{T}_n \stackrel{i.i.d.}{\sim} \mathcal{D}^n ?}$$



Generalization is NOT Enough

$$\mathcal{S}_n \stackrel{i.i.d.}{\sim} \mathcal{D}^n, \mathcal{T}_n = \arg \min_{\mathcal{S}_n} L(f_{\mathcal{S}_n}^*) \stackrel{i.i.d.}{\sim} \mathcal{D}^n ?$$

- Generalization is guaranteed:

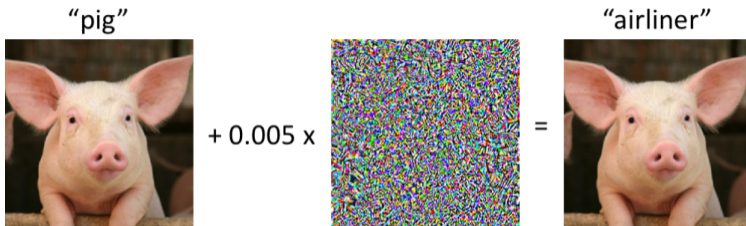
$$L(f_{\mathcal{S}_n}^*) \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}} L(f^*) \longleftarrow L(f_{\mathcal{T}_n}^*);$$

- Robustness is NOT guaranteed:

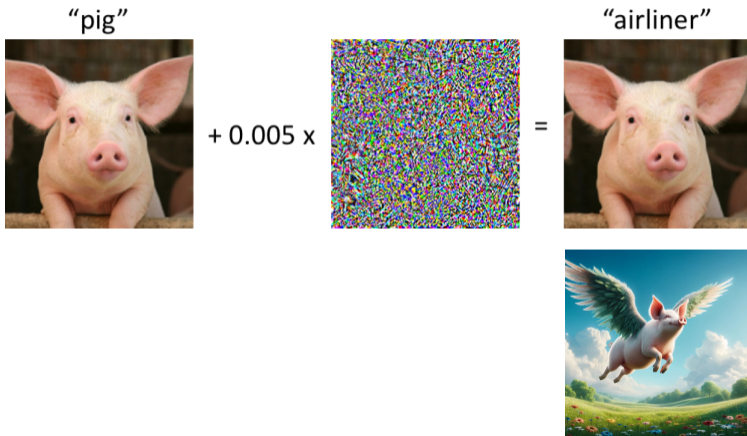
$$L^{adv}(f_{\mathcal{S}_n}^*, \varepsilon) \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}} L^{adv}(f^*, \varepsilon) \not\longleftarrow L^{adv}(f_{\mathcal{T}_n}^*, \varepsilon).$$



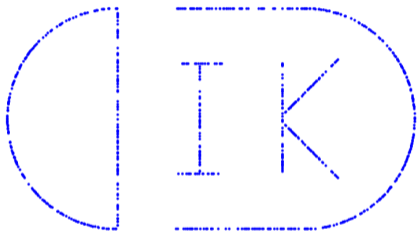
Adversarial Example



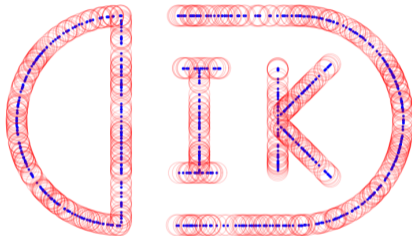
Adversarial Example



Standard v.s. Robust Classification



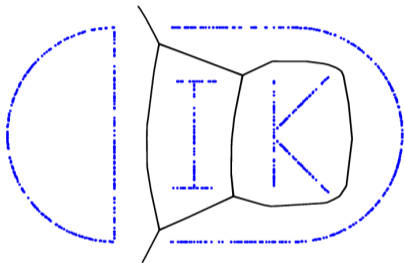
(a) Standard classification



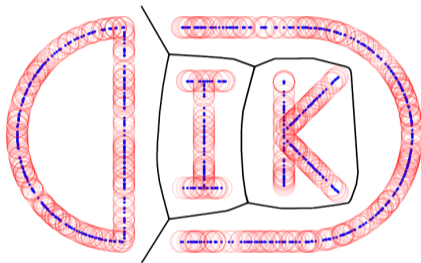
(b) Robust classification



Standard v.s. Adversarial Training



(a) Standard training



(b) Adversarial training



Robustness-Aware Sampling

- $\mathcal{T}_n =$ finite covering with n balls of radius η_n ;
- Generalization guarantee:

$$L(f_{\mathcal{S}_n}^*) \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}} L(f^*) \xleftarrow{\mathbb{P}} L(f_{\mathcal{T}_n}^*);$$

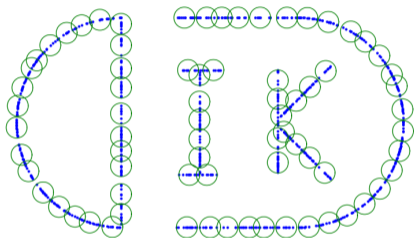
- Robustness guarantee:

$$L^{adv}(f_{\mathcal{S}_n}^*, \varepsilon) \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}} L^{adv}(f^*, \varepsilon) \xleftarrow{\mathbb{P}} L^{adv}(f_{\mathcal{T}_n}^*, \varepsilon + \eta_n),$$

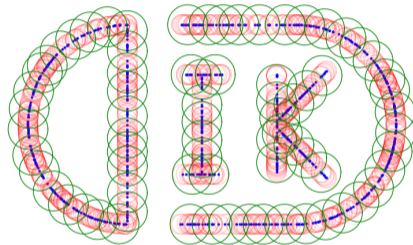
with $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \eta_n = 0$.



Minimal Finite Covering



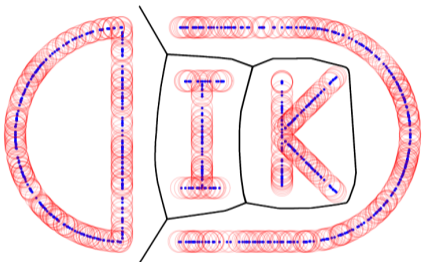
(a) Finite covering with radius η



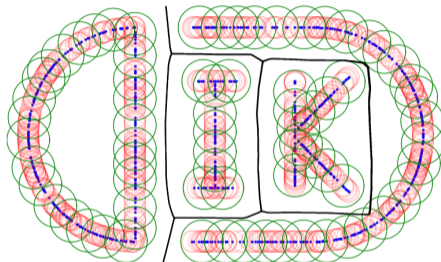
(b) Finite covering with radius $\eta + \epsilon$



Adversarial Training with Finite Covering



(a) Adversarial training



(b) Generalized adversarial training



Thank you!

More technical details and experiments:
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2402.05675>

